



Chez moi

phonics

e

sound in:

• appartement



eau

sound in:

• bureau



&

silent
letters

There are many last consonant silent letters in French. The final letter 's' is silent in the word 'dans' and 'mais'. The 't' is also silent in the conjunction 'et'. Pronounced almost like the English sound 'leh'.

elision

Elision is a type of contraction. The last letter of a word is dropped and replaced with an apostrophe. It is attached to the word that follows beginning with a vowel, so *je* becomes *j'* as in *j'habite* as the 'h muet' in *habite* acts like a vowel.

vocabulary

The nouns and determiners for house & apartment.



The nouns and determiners for rooms of the house.



Key linguistic structures:

Chez moi,
il y a...

In my house there is...

Chez moi,
il n'y a pas de...

In my house there is not...

grammar

To fully understand the role of gender in the choice of determiners:

un salon



une cuisine



Singular determiner
'a' for masculine nouns

Singular determiner
'a' for feminine nouns

To understand better how to use the negative in French:

Chez moi, il y a
un salon.



Chez moi, il n'y a
pas de salon.



1st person conjugation of high frequency verbs.

j'habite

I live

What I will learn:

- Objective 1: I will learn how to say where I live using the first person high frequency verb '*j'habite*' (I live).
- Objective 2: I will learn 5 nouns and their determiners for rooms of the house.
- Objective 3: I will learn 5 more nouns and their determiners for rooms of the house.
- Objective 4: I will learn how to say I do not have a particular room in the house using a key negative structure.
- Objective 5: I will use all my new knowledge in French to describe where I live.